





ISTA seminar From biodiversity to diversification: tools and technologies to meet new challenges

Ex situ conservation and protection of endangered plant species: the experience of Carabinieri National Centers in Italian natural State reserves

> Verona – 29.5.2023 Ten. Col. Silvia Biondini Centro Nazionale Carabinieri Biodiversità Pieve Santo Stefano





Carabinieri National Center for Biodiversity Conservation -Pieve Santo Stefano



- Harvesting, processing, conservation of wild forest species seeds.
- Nursery for plant production.
- *Ex situ* seed conservation of rare and endangered species from State natural reserves





13 RISERVE NATURALI INTEGRALI



RISERVE NATURALI, DI POPOLAMENTO ANIMALE E DI PROTEZIONE FORESTE DEMANIALI ED ALTRE AREE GESTITE

28 REPARTI CARABINIERI BIODIVERSITÀ

Raggruppamento Carabinieri Biodiversità

- 28 Reparti Carabinieri Biodiversità all over Italian territory
- 130 natural state reserves
- 130,000 ha of protected areas

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Ex situ and *in situ* conservation

Ex situ stored genetic resources allow in situ conservation actions and strategies in State reserves: reforestation, recovery of target species and habitat of Natura 2000 managed sites.



Ex situ and *in situ* conservation

These actions may require:

- Native and certified seed storage
- native and certified plant production capability;
- Target species reproduction (seed storage and germination)



The Center in Pieve Santo Stefano was established in late '50s, to face plant production needs for Italian government reforestation plans.

- Seed bank: -70 forest species, approx. 200 q of seeds.
- Plant production: near 300.000 plants per year, available for reforestation projects, mostly in State reserves.
- Certification of forest reproductive material Dir. 1999/105/CE, Dl.lvo 386/2003



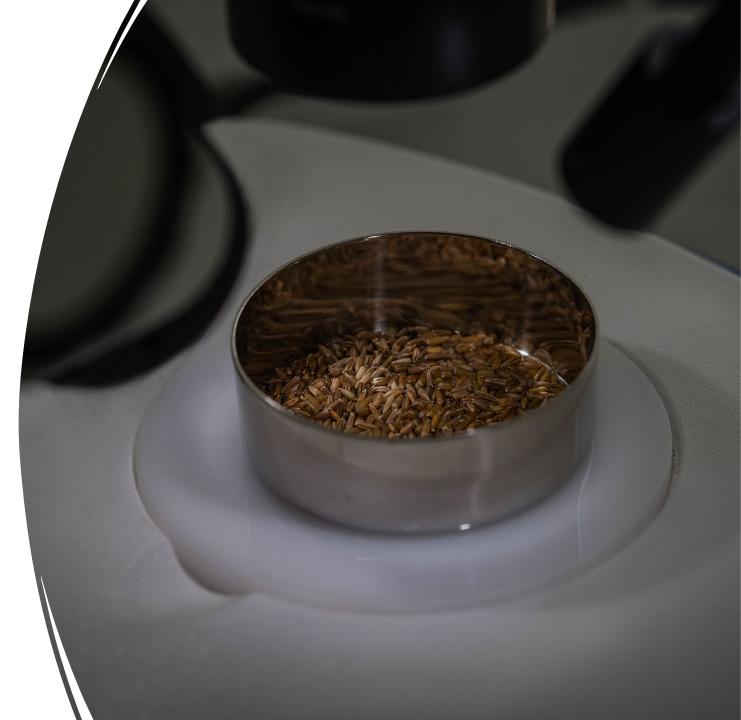
Ex situ conservation of endangered species

• Ex situ conservation of seeds of some of the most rare or endangered species coming from natural state reserves managed by Carabinieri corps



Ex situ conservation of endangered species

• In CNBF laboratories seeds are studied in order to achieve effective protocols for conservation and germination.



Conservation issues

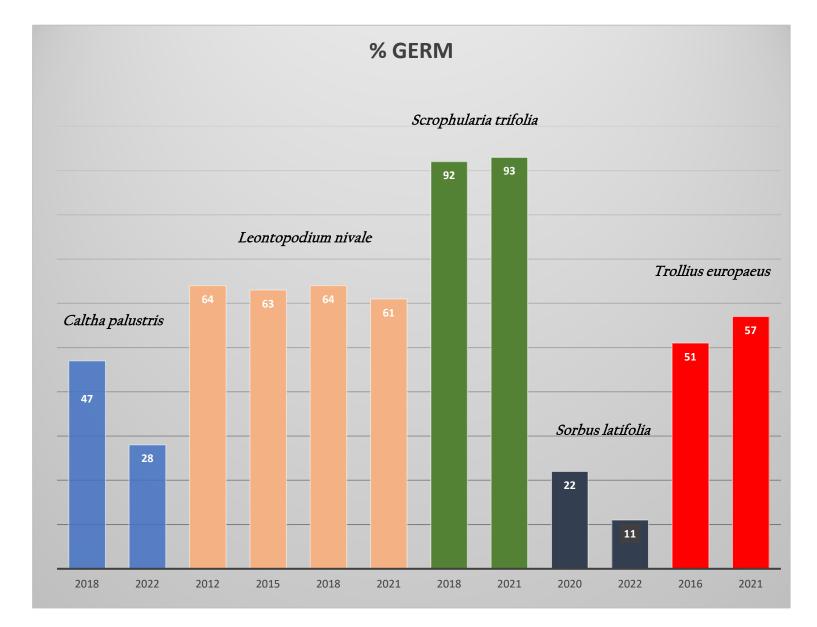
• Rare species seeds are difficult to achieve.

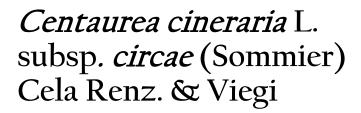
• In most cases, few information are available about seed dormancy removal and dry tolerance.



Desiccation tolerance

Many of the species seem to show good tolerance to dry conservation at -20°C



Leontopodium nivale (Ten.) É. Huet & A. Huet ex Hand.-Mazz. 





Goniolimon tataricum (L.) Boiss. subsp. italicum (Tammaro, Pignatti & Frizzi) Buzurović

Woodwardia radicans (L.) Sm.

Woodwardia radicans

n.11/21

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hr.

• Natural state reserve Valle delle Ferriere - NA

In situ conservation and plant production

Parco Nazionale Tocano

resto

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Support specific actions in LIFE Nature and biodiversity projects carried out in state reserves LIFE 14-NAT-IT-000759 WFA - Azione C3 – RCB Pratovecchio

Seed harvest and production of 15,000 wetland plants for botanic restoration of 6430 habitat.

Wet Fly

Amphibia

LIFE 13-NAT/IT/000471 -Montecristo 2010 «Resto con LIFE» - Azione C5 – RCB Follonica

Seed harvest and production of species of the island flora, including the rare fern *Dryopteris tyrrhena* Fraser-Jenk. & Reichst.





When seeds are not enough: *In vitro* culture of endangered species

 Allows germoplasm conservation and plant production if seeds are not available: rare species, hard dormancy, not productive interesting specimen



Reproduction of endangered species

Goniolimon tataricum (L.) Boiss. subsp. *italicum* (Tammaro, Pignatti & Frizzi) Buzurovi**ć**

Native orchid seed germination

CONTRACTOR OF

Monumental trees cloning



Lilium ssp. *in vitro* propagation

Thank you